

Elementary School Program Overview



About The Program

Archbold's Elementary Program includes a three-module curriculum titled, "Science in the Scrub", multiple educational videos, and the field trip. There are optional Zoom classroom visits that may be added.

The program is free to all Florida public schools. It is standard-aligned for 3rd-5th grade.

All resources can be found at:

https://www.archboldstation.org/education/

Field Trip Info:

- Field trips begin at 9:15am and end around 11:45am—we are happy to work around your specific time needs.
- All students, teachers, and chaperones must fill out a liability waiver. Please bring filled out waivers on day of field trip.
- Large groups will need to be split into multiple days. We recommend a max. of 2 classes (around 40-50 children) for each day.
- Your class may bring lunches to eat at our picnic tables. We ask that all trash leaves with you—this helps us keep our program free.
- Encourage students to wear long pants and closetoed shoes. Light colored clothing and hats are recommended during the hotter months.
- All students will receive a copy of our Florida Scrub Coloring Book.



Outline

- Pre-visit Activities
 - Science in the Scrub
 - Videos
- Field Trip
 - Before Your Visit
 - Welcome
 - Rules
 - Hiking
 - Weather Station
 - Snake
 - Discovery Room
 - Lookout and Scrub Pledge
- Post-visit Activities

Pre-visit Activities

Science in the Scrub

Before your class visits, we highly encourage completing the three "Science in the Scrub" modules.

Florida Scrub Jays: At Home in the Florida Scrub

Students learn how Florida Scrub-Jays rely on family for survival in the Florida scrub, and how scientists use banding and long-term research to understand and protect this endangered species.

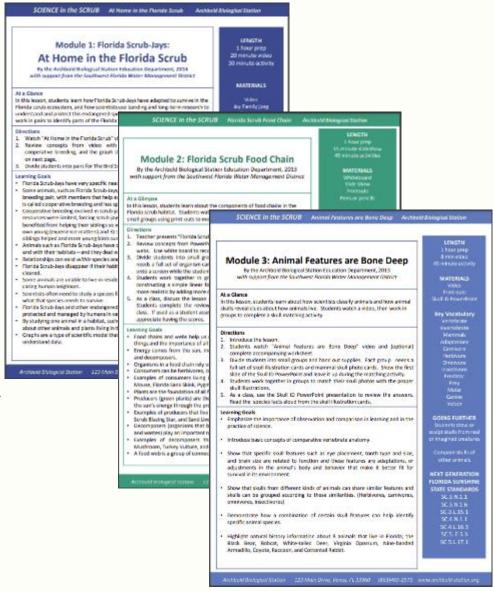
Florida Scrub Food Chain

Students learn about the components of food chains in the Florida scrub habitat. Students watch a slide presentation, then work in small groups using print-outs to model food chains and food webs.

Animal Features are Bone Deep

Students learn about how scientists classify animals and how animal skulls reveal clues about how animals live. Students watch a video, then work in groups to complete a skull matching activity.

Available at: https://www.archbold-station.org/curricula/

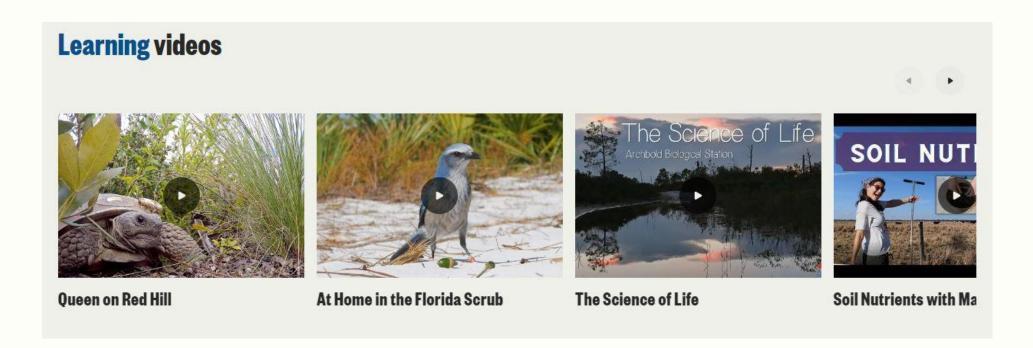


Pre-visit Activities

Videos

Available at:

https://www.youtube.com/user/ArchboldExpeditions https://www.archbold-station.org/education/



We also have a selection of videos focused on a variety of scientific topics. Two of the three Science in the Scrub modules have associated videos—a great option if you cannot complete all modules before your trip.

BEFORE YOUR FIELD TRIP

- Make sure your field trip has been registered. You can schedule a field trip by emailing education@archboldstation.org.
- 2. Send out Guardian Guide, which includes a letter for parents/guardians and the liability form. ALL students, staff, and chaperones must fill out a liability form.
- 3. Complete pre-visit activities! We recommend completing all the lessons; however, do whatever fits your schedule. Even watching a few videos with the class can provide some foundational knowledge for the field trip.

without allumators or ministers by Archibot Biological Station or Archibot Dis y Archibot for the purposes of public concressors in any purpose with stockers, we need included to produce to Archiboth verballow, newbolders and social media channel consistant Archiboth property, solely and completely provided and public property, solely and completely.	It that I guide from the first the sent, representations, as consistent exagging and operatively principle is presented. generally all the recognition of the control of t
Date	
rohosid Biological States, 123 Main Drive, Venus, FL 33960	ID-CURK
	suse and reporduction — bowever created — of the above listed inchiduals" name without allerations or ornise into by Archbott Backgrad Station or Archbott Exp. yellotted for the proposed of packs or accessed on any paper or at several or an accessed on any paper or at several ornis and postal to Archbott Exp. yellotted for the paper of the several ornis and postal ornigations of the accessed and a series and postal media of animals or constitute. Archbott appears of the several postal ornigations or accessed any page of the several postal ornigation of the access of the access of the several postal ornigation of the access of the a

Welcome



Time: 5 minutes

Location: Entrance of Frances AH Learning Center

Welcome Talk

- Archbold Biological Station is a research station and natural classroom where scientists from around the world come to study.
- The Station is just one of the places in this part of Florida where Archbold scientists study.
- Archbold mission includes research, conservation, and education.
- Conservation means thinking winwin with people and nature.

Official Mission Statement: The mission of Archbold is to build and share the scientific knowledge needed to protect the life, lands, and waters of the heart of Florida and beyond

Rules

Time: 10 minutes

Location: Prairie Porch at Frances AH Learning Center

Student Rules

- 1. Listen for Directions
- 2. Follow your Science Guide
- 3. Respect Nature and Each Other
- 4. Use your Animal Senses
- 5. Drink Up!
- 6. Banned Words: eww, yuck, and gross

After rules, students are split into two groups for the hike, snake demonstration, weather station, and Discovery Room.







Time: 1 ½ hours

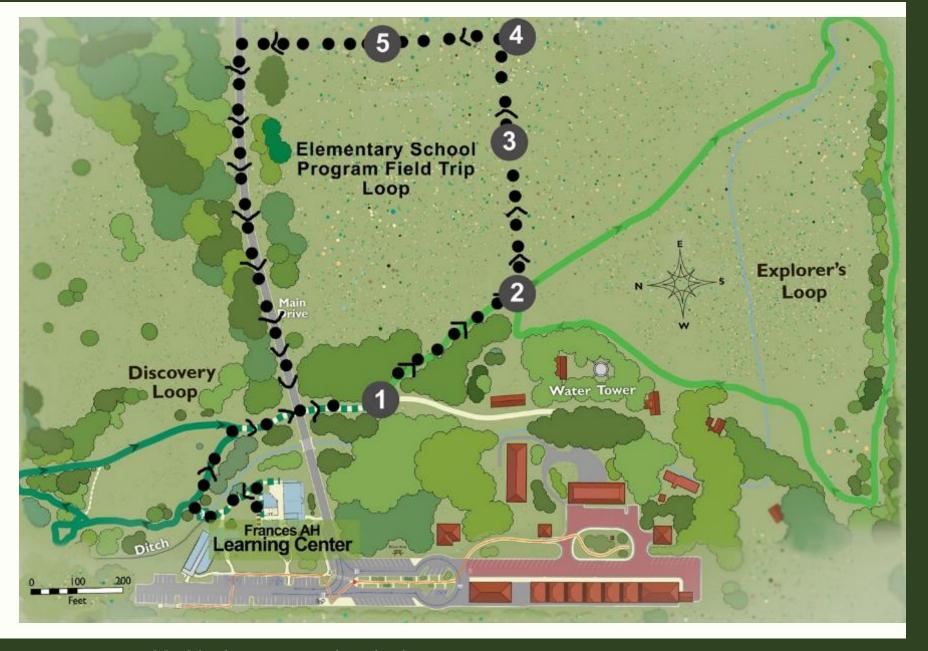
Location: Nature Trail

Hiking Outline

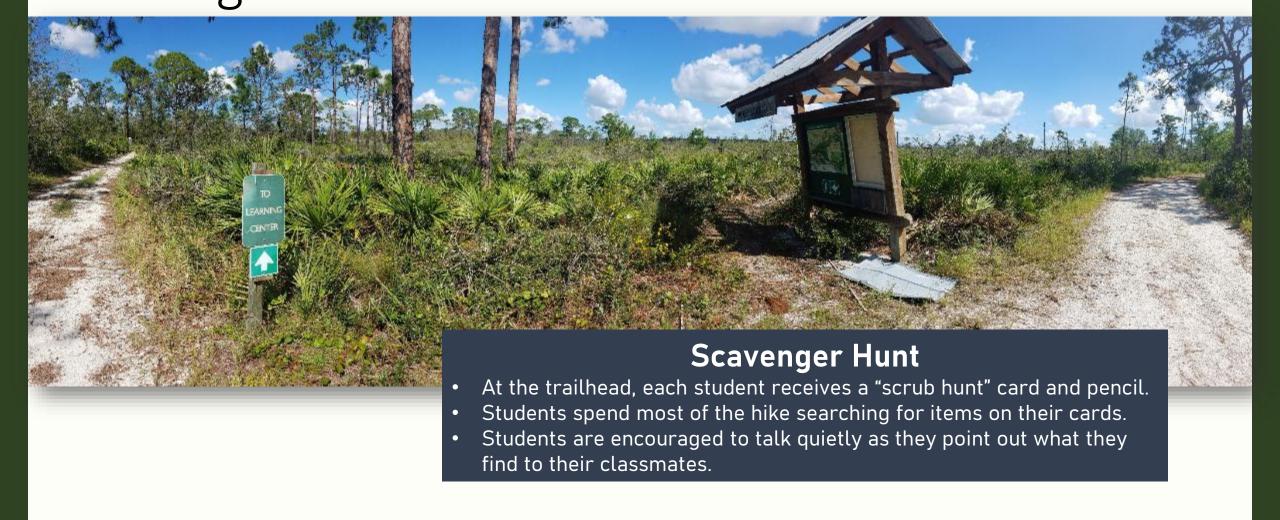
- 1. Scavenger hunt cards "scrub hunt"
- 2. Animal tracks, antlions, and earthstars
- 3. Predetermined stops

Trail Stops

- Trailhead
- 2. 3. Sand
- Nature's Science Lab
- 4. 5. FL Scrub-Jays
- Fire



#1: Trailhead



We are on the Lake Wales Ridge, an old sandy island over one million years old. Our silica sands came from the natural erosion of the Appalachian mountains millions of years ago. You can see the Lake Wales Ridge from space.

#2: Sand



#3: Nature's Science Lab



The Station is more than a place where nature is protected, it is also a research station.

Flags denote ongoing research project along the hike.



#4: FL Scrub-Jays

Scrub Jay territory!



Archbold Education: Updated July 2023

help each other, which gives them all a better chance of surviving.

#5: Fire



Fire is essential for the Florida scrub. Without fire, the habitat wouldn't exist. Prescribed fire is good for wildlife and prevents wildfires.

Weather Station

Students learn the of the parts of the weather station, how the rain gauge works, and why Archbold keeps track of the weather conditions each day.

Time: 15 minutes

Location: Demo Weather Station



Snake

Time: 15 minutes

Location: Prairie Porch

*Ran simultaneously with the Discovery Room.

Snake Rules

- 1. Stay calm
- 2. Bottoms on benches
- 3. Two fingers and one at a time
- 4. Keep hands away from the snake's face
- 5. Pet in one direction toward the tail

Snake



Poser the Florida Pine Snake

Poser is about 20 years old. She was captive-raised and very friendly.

Florida Pine Snakes:

- are non-venomous (no fangs or venom)
- are found only in the American Southeast
- are a threatened species in FL due to habitat loss
- are 4-5 feet long (record 7 ½')
- have small sharp teeth
- are constrictors
- spend most of their time underground
- mimic rattlesnakes as a defense
- eat mice, moles, rabbits, squirrels, and lizards

Snakes are:

- vertebrates
- reptiles (along with lizards and turtles)
- cold blooded (ectothermic): they get their heat energy from their environment
- chinless: their jaw bones don't connect and can move separately

Discovery Room



Time: 15 minutes

Location: Bear's Den (Discovery Room)

*Ran simultaneously with the snake demonstration.

Discover Room Features

- Interactive Table Activities
- **Animal Skins**
- Animal Skulls
- Snake Cages
- **Animal Tracks**
- Diorama
- **Insect Collection**
- Tree Rings

Student Rule

1. If something is closed or behind glass, don't open it up or reach inside

Lookout and Scrub Pledge

Time: 10 minutes

Location: Lodge Overlook



Florida's Next Generation Standards

Each visit to Archbold is unique, but the field trips focus on the practice of science, how ecosystems work, and animal biology. The next few slides are standards that may come up during your visit. Teachers are encouraged to contact our staff ahead of time if they want us to highlight any of these specific standards.

SC.3.N.1.4	Recognize the importance of communication among scientists.
SC.3.N.1.5	Recognize that scientists question, discuss, and check each other's evidence and explanations
SC.3.N.1.6	Infer based on observation.
SC.3.N.3.1	Recognize that words in science can have different or more specific meanings than their use in everyday language; for example, energy, cell, heat/cold, and
	evidence.
SC.3.L.15.1	Classify animals into major groups (mammals, birds, reptiles, amphibians, fish, arthropods, vertebrates and invertebrates, those having live births and those
	which lay eggs) according to their physical characteristics and behaviors.
SC.4.L.16.2	Explain that although characteristics of plants and animals are inherited, some characteristics can be affected by the environment.
SC.4.L.16.3	Recognize that animal behaviors may be shaped by heredity and learning
SC.4.L.16.4	Compare and contrast the major stages in the life cycles of Florida plants and animals, such as those that undergo incomplete and complete
	metamorphosis, and flowering and nonflowering seed-bearing plants.

- SC.4.L.17.2 Explain that animals, including humans, cannot make their own food and that when animals eat plants or other animals, the energy stored in the food source is passed to them.
- SC.4.L.17.4 Recognize ways plants and animals, including humans, can impact the environment.
- SC.4.N.1.3 Explain that science does not always follow a rigidly defined method ("the scientific method") but that science does involve the use of observations and empirical evidence.
- **SC.4.N.1.7** Recognize and explain that scientists base their explanations on evidence.
- **SC.4.N.2.1** Explain that science focuses solely on the natural world.
- SC.5.L.15.1 Describe how, when the environment changes, differences between individuals allow some plants and animals to survive and reproduce while others die or move to new locations.
- SC.5.L.17.1 Compare and contrast adaptations displayed by animals and plants that enable them to survive in different environments such as life cycles variations, animal behaviors and physical characteristics.

Big Idea: Organization and Development of Living Organisms -

- A. All plants and animals, including humans, are alike in some ways and different in others.
- B. All plants and animals, including humans, have internal parts and external structures that function to keep them alive and help them grow and reproduce.
- C. Humans can better understand the natural world through careful observation.

Big Idea: Diversity and Evolution of Living Organisms -

- A. Earth is home to a great diversity of living things, but changes in the environment can affect their survival.
- B. Individuals of the same kind often differ in their characteristics and sometimes the differences give individuals an advantage in surviving and reproducing.

Big Idea: The Practice of Science -

A: Scientific inquiry is a multifaceted activity; The processes of science include the formulation of scientifically investigable questions, construction of investigations into those questions, the collection of appropriate data, the evaluation of the meaning of those data, and the communication of this evaluation.

B: The processes of science frequently do not correspond to the traditional portrayal of "the scientific method."

C: Scientific argumentation is a necessary part of scientific inquiry and plays an important role in the generation and validation of scientific knowledge.

D: Scientific knowledge is based on observation and inference; it is important to recognize that these are very different things. Not only does science require creativity in its methods and processes, but also in its questions and explanations.

Big Idea: The Characteristics of Scientific Knowledge -

A: Scientific knowledge is based on empirical evidence, and is appropriate for understanding the natural world, but it provides only a limited understanding of the supernatural, aesthetic, or other ways of knowing, such as art, philosophy, or religion.

B: Scientific knowledge is durable and robust, but open to change.

C: Because science is based on empirical evidence it strives for objectivity, but as it is a human endeavor the processes, methods, and knowledge of science include subjectivity, as well as creativity and discovery.

Post-Visit Activities

Our YouTube videos and Zoom classroom visits make excellent post-field trip activities. Additionally, we host livestreams during the school year.

For all our current offerings, check out: https://www.archbold-station.org/education/

Questions can be emailed to: education@archbold-station.org

